# Ideas and software for the locomotion of homemade robots

Stéphane Caron June 20, 2022



The Good

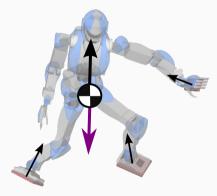


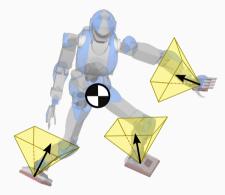
the Quad

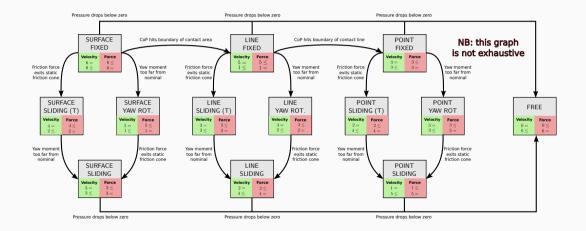


and the Upkie

Two ideas from locomotion

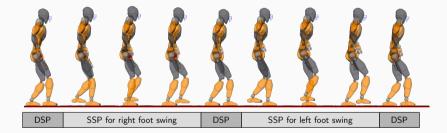






**Contact stability** := maintaining a given contact mode

# All our motions alternate contact-stable phases



Can you think of a counter-example?



Surface



Point



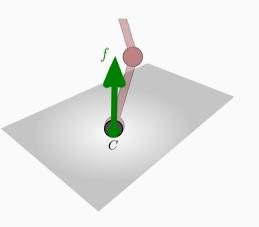
Wheel

1. End-effector velocity:

 ${}^{G}v_{C} = 0$ 

2. Friction cone:

 $\|f^{xy}\| \le \mu f^z \qquad f^z \ge 0$ 



G: ground frame, C: contact frame (no superscript  $\Rightarrow$  that frame)

1. End-effector velocity:

 ${}^{G}v_{C} = 0$ 

2. Friction cone:

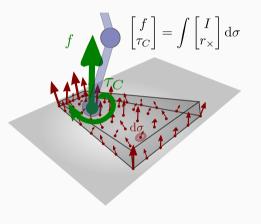
 $\|f^{xy}\| \le \mu f^z \qquad f^z \ge 0$ 

3. Center of pressure area:

 $Ap_{cop} \leq b$ 

4. Yaw slippage interval:

 $| au_{cop}^z - au_{safe}^z| \leq \mu f^z d_{edge}(p_{cop})$ 



Derivation by Fourier-Motzkin: https://arxiv.org/pdf/1501.04719.pdf

1. End-effector velocity:

$$^{C}v_{C}^{yz}=0$$
  $^{C}v_{C}^{x}=v_{cmd}$ 

- 2. Friction cone:
  - $\|f^{xy}\| \le \mu f^z \qquad f^z \ge 0$
- 3. Center of pressure interval:

 $|p_{cop}^{y}| \leq \ell_{wheel}$ 

4. Yaw slippage interval:

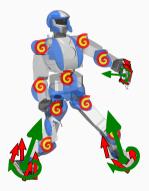
 $| au_{ ext{cop}}^{z} - au_{ ext{safe}}^{z}| \leq \mu f^{z} (\ell_{ ext{wheel}} - |p_{ ext{cop}}^{ ext{y}}|)$ 

Derivation e.g. as limit of the surface condition.

How to enforce contact stability while moving?

Quadratic program on torques to track positions:

- Equations of motion
- Contact stability constraints  $\leftarrow$
- Joint position limits (predictive)
- Joint velocity limits (predictive)
- Joint acceleration/torque limits



Widely reproduced, here is one: https://arxiv.org/pdf/1607.08089.pdf

Quadratic program on positions to track forces:

- Equations of motion
- CoP tracking at each contact surface
- Internal force tracking between contacts<sup>1</sup>

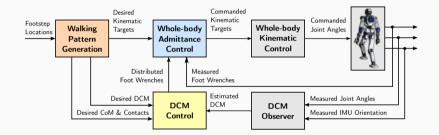
Quadratic program on force targets:

- Equations of motion
- Contact stability constraints



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> General formulation in (21) of https://doi.org/10.1109/IROS40897.2019.8968059

### Use in walking a position-controlled humanoid



Technical report: https://arxiv.org/pdf/1809.07073.pdf

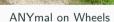
Joint control	Sensors	State observation	Whole-body control
Position	Force sensors	Lighter	Admittance
Torque	Joint torques	Heavier	Impedance

Have we tried everything?

## New robots to revisit these ideas



Handle





Ascento

Whole-body control of Ascento: https://arxiv.org/pdf/2005.11431.pdf

Joint control	Sensors	State observation	Whole-body control	Who?
Position	Force sensors	Lightest	Admittance	The Good
Torque	Joint torques	Heaviest	Impedance	The Quad
Position	Joint torques	Middle ground	Hybrid	The Upkie
:	:	:	:	:

Low-frequency whole-body control

- Position control frequency  $\ll$  torque control frequency
- $\bullet\,$  Velocity control frequency  $\ll$  torque control frequency
- Balancing is a low frequency task<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Both theoretical and empirical evidence: https://arxiv.org/pdf/1907.01805  $\leftarrow$  remarkable!

Software for homemade robots

- Joints: 6 (hips, knees, wheels)
- Total mass: 5.4 kg
- Print time: 33 h 14 min
- Knee torques: 2.0 Nm crouched
- Wheel torques:  $0.2 + f(\alpha)$  Nm
- Autonomy: 3-4 h with 5.0 Ah battery
- Actuators + electronics: 2,400 €



Project page: https://hackaday.io/project/185729-upkie-homemade-wheeled-biped-robot

#### Actuators



Home Products - Full Catalog About -

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qdd100 beta 2 developer kit \$499.00

qdd100 beta 2 servo \$439.00

moteus r4.11 developer kit \$214.00

mjbots pi3hat r4.4b from \$149.00



mjbots power dist r4.3b \$139.00

PWR COM

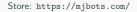
fdcanusb \$109.00



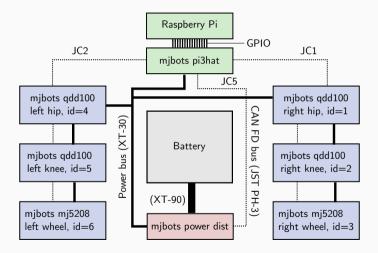
moteus r4.11 controller \$104.00



mj5208 brushless motor \$60.00



Electronics



### Software



Libraries for incremental buy-in (fear framework lock-in)

- *vulp:* real-time motion control
- pink: inverse kinematics, based on Pinocchio
- upkie\_locomotion: locomotion agents and spines for Upkie
- *ltv-mpc:* linear time-variant model predictive control

Repositories: https://github.com/tasts-robots

### Real-time motion control on Raspberry Pi

- Balance control in Python at low frequency
- Convert Python actions to joint commands in C++ at medium frequency
- Actuators run field-oriented control on-board at high frequency



Repository: https://github.com/tasts-robots/vulp

← → C @ O A https://tasts-robots.org

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### **Tast's Robots**

Homemade robots, open source thinkers, living room roamers.

#### Homemade robots

We are homemade robots built with the parts and tools hobbyists can readily get from DIV stores, or ordering online. You don't need expert training to build us. Just tools, a bag of metric screws and a taste for:

- 3D printing
- JST cables and crimping
- XT cables and soldering

#### **Open source libraries**

Our software is open source and made of libraries, not a framework. They should run on your robot tool Most of our code is in Python, including locomotion control, and we don't rely on precise models. Check out our code and let us know if it works for you:

- Inverse kinematics
- Real-time control for Raspberry Pi

#### Locomotion for all

Locomotion is not rocket science: it doesn't require huge investments. Saw some broomsticks, cable actuators together, plug in the software and roll! Haven't tried yet? Check out our videos and ask questions:

- Locomotion code
- YouTube channel
- Article: How do biped robots walk?

Reproducibility principles: https://tasts-robots.org/  $\leftarrow$  feedback welcome!

- All our motions alternate contact-stable phases
- Whole-body control to enforce contact stability
- Low-frequency whole-body control
- How can we share the fruits of homemade robots?
- Software libraries for incremental buy-in

## Thank you for your attention!



This revision of the slides includes feedback from Vincent Padois and Grégoire Passault, thanks!